

CULTURE + COMMUNITY

IN A TIME OF

TRANSFORMATION

BIPOC Greater Boston

An analysis of the Boston Metro region focusing on the voices of Black, Indigenous, and People of Color

This report is a regional companion to the Massachusetts state report

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AUDIENCE RESEARCH



Table of Contents

Research Context & Methodology	3-6
Detailed Findings	7-32
Integration of arts & culture into people's lives	7-11
A case for change	12-23
The power of online engagement	24-32
Actionable Opportunity Areas	33-39
Acknowledgements & Appendix	40-44

Research Context & Questions

Culture & Community in a Time of Transformation: Focus on MA–Greater Boston is a specialized regional report authored by Slover Linett Audience Research & commissioned by the Barr Foundation. This report extends the learnings from the **Massachusetts** statewide report, which is itself a separate exploration from the **National** Culture & Community research reports. For more information on the research methodology and the state and national reports, please visit www.sloverlinett.com/cctt

This report offers key findings from the Culture & Community research fielded from April 5 to April 30, 2021 – one year into the Covid-19 pandemic but before the emergence of the Delta variant. Guiding questions for this research include:

- How could cultural organizations support their communities in Boston during such unprecedented times? What kind of changes do people want to see among arts and culture organizations in the future?
- How have patterns of engagement with arts and culture shifted in Boston? What roles could the arts, creativity, community engagement, and other forms of culture play in the hard work ahead?
- To what extent do people believe systemic racism is present in Boston arts or culture organizations?
- Do Boston residents want arts or culture organizations to address social issues in their communities? If so, which ones?

What Distinguishes This Study



Community Centered

This research centers a representative sample of Massachusetts residents rather than focusing *just* on cultural attenders. The survey was translated into nine languages to increase accessibility for non-English speakers.



Large Scale

We collected more than 8,000 responses from people across the state of Massachusetts with 5,606 responses from Greater Boston, 935 of which were from BIPOC Bostonians. Nationally, we collected more than 75,000 responses.



National Implications

A national benchmark allows us to identify where Massachusetts residents are similar and different compared to response patterns across the country.



Open Access

We believe that transparency and access are critical to this crisis-response work, and we've made all materials publicly available including research instruments, data tables, and the underlying dataset. Find more information at: <https://sloverlinett.com/cctt/>

Survey Methodology for Massachusetts

Panel Survey

- We partnered with NORC's AmeriSpeak Panel to collect responses from a sample representative of all MA residents
- We collected 507 responses with an oversample from specific racial/ethnic groups (Asian or Pacific Islander, Black /African American, & Hispanic or Latinx)
- We weighted this data to be representative of all MA residents



Organizational List Survey

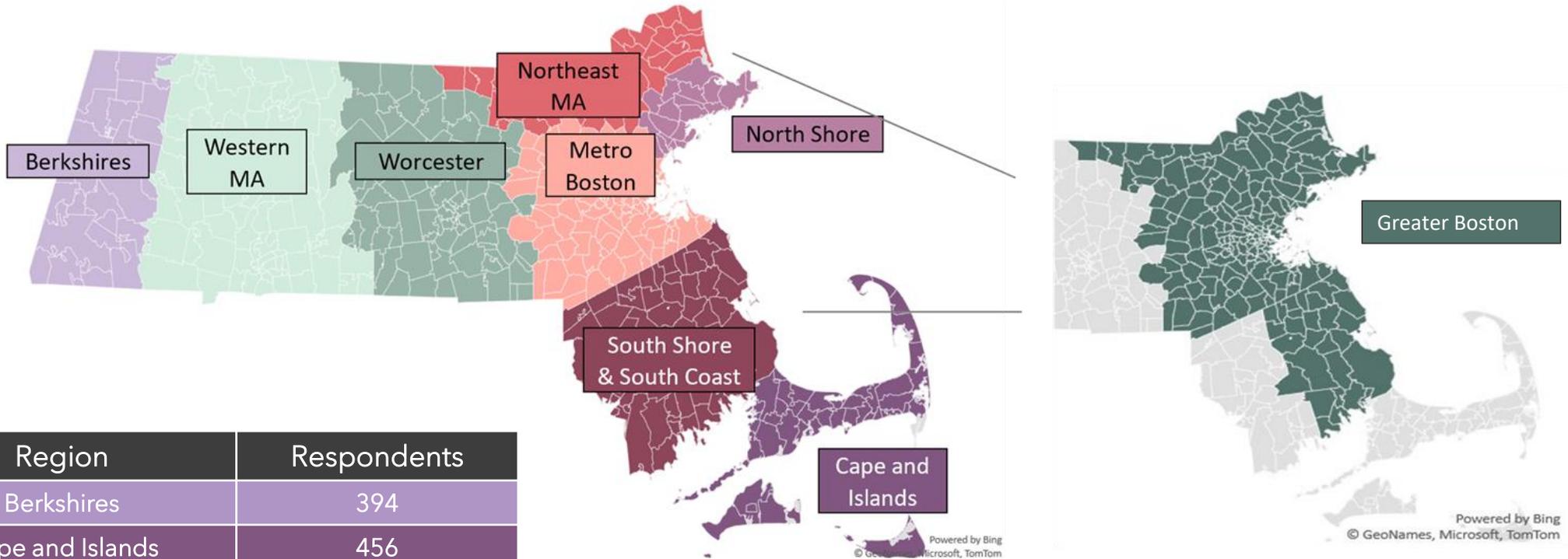
- We collected 7,309 responses through the email lists of arts or culture organizations based in Massachusetts
 - Ninety-one organizations from MA shared the same survey with a portion of their lists
- An additional 617 responses came from MA residents who took the survey from organizations outside of MA



Combined Sample (Panel + List) Weighted to Represent MA Residents Overall

We combined the data and weighted the entire set of responses (n=7,816) to be representative of all MA residents

Regional Breakdown



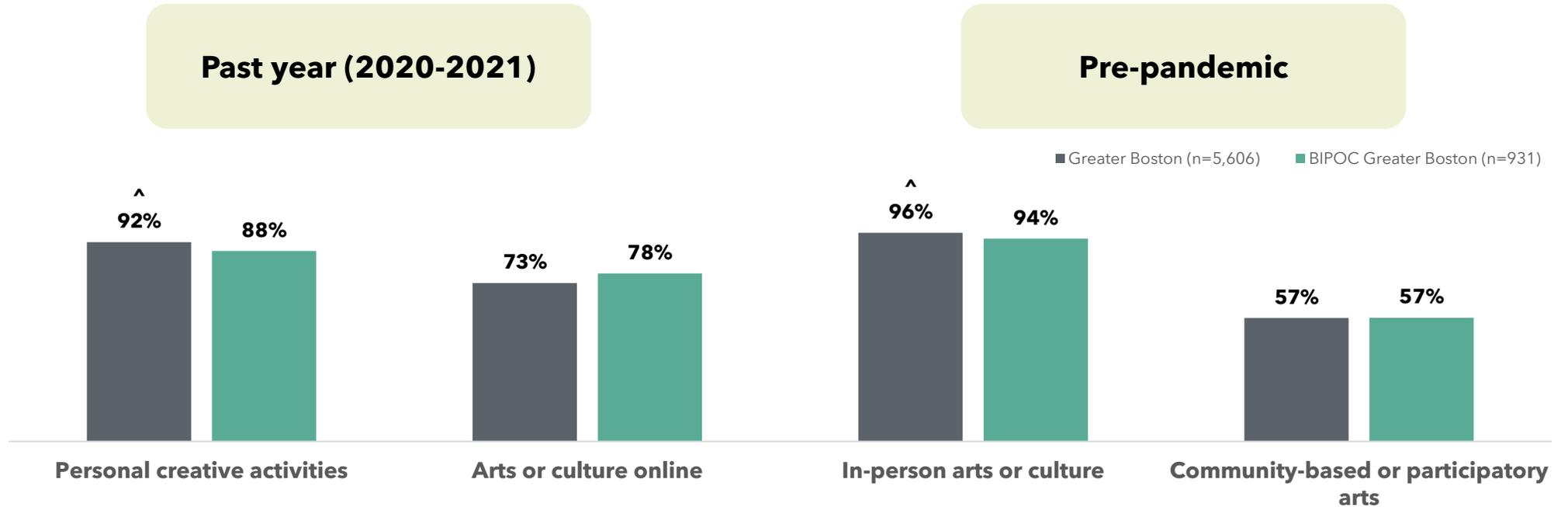
Region	Respondents
Berkshires	394
Cape and Islands	456
North Shore	522
Metro Boston	3,919
Northeast MA	719
South Coast & South Shore	814
Western MA	673
Worcester	954
Greater Boston*	5,606

*Among greater Boston respondents, 935 identified as BIPOC with the following proportions: American Indian or Alaska Native (2%), Asian or Pacific Islanders (33%), Black or African American (28%), Hispanic or Latinx (31%), and Multi-racial (5%)

DETAILED FINDINGS

INTEGRATION OF ARTS & CULTURE INTO PEOPLE'S LIVES

Among Bostonians, BIPOC and non-BIPOC, arts & culture are deeply integrated into people's lives.



ARTS ENGAGEMENT IS ALIVE AND WELL IN MASSACHUSETTS

Q1. Have you been doing any of the following creative activities during the past year? Please select ALL that apply.

Q5. Have you done any online arts or culture activities or events over the past year? This might have been via your computer, a streaming service, mobile phone or tablet. Please select ALL that apply.

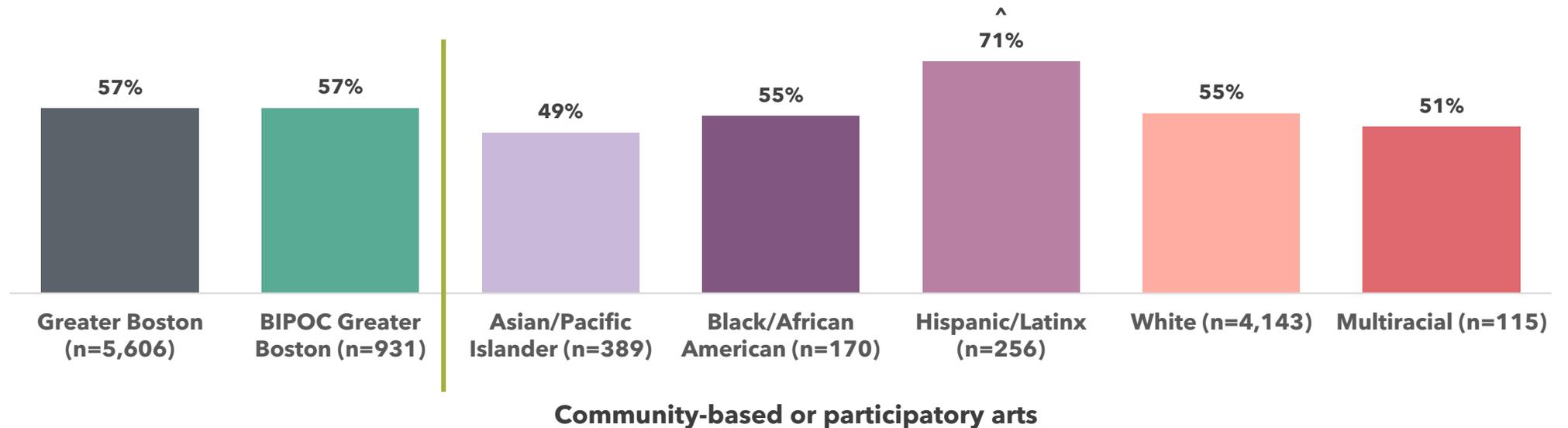
Q13. Have you done any of the following activities in person in the past few years (before or during the pandemic)? Please select ANY that you did at least once in the past few years.

Q11. People can be involved in culture, creativity and community in many different ways. Have you done any of the following types of participatory activities in the past few years (before or during the pandemic)? Please select ALL that apply.

[^] indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

Before the start of the pandemic, about half of Bostonians participated in community-based and participatory arts—Hispanic/Latinx residents were the most engaged.

- Whereas in person arts and culture activities were consistently popular across all racial and ethnic groups.

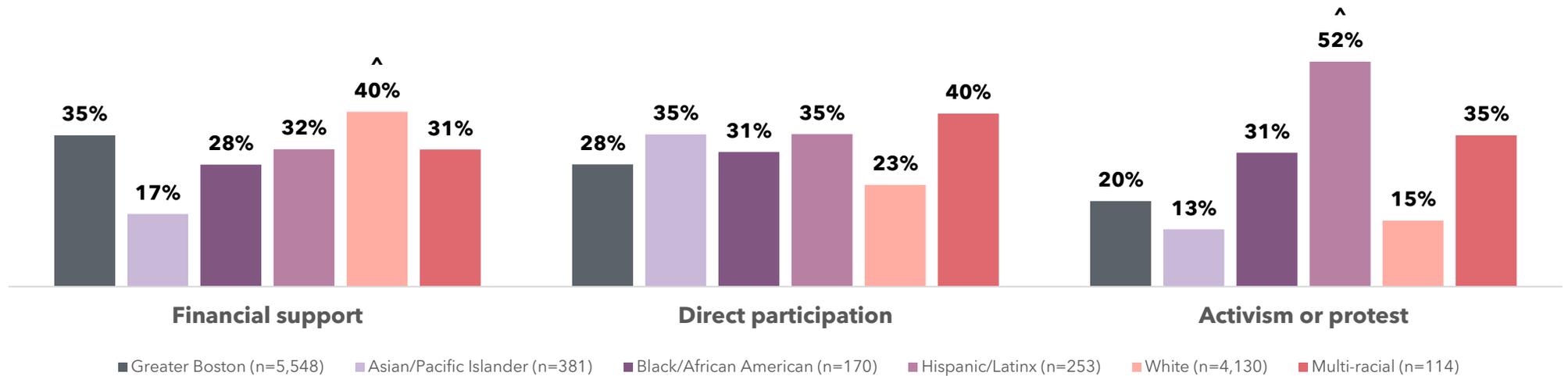


ARTS ENGAGEMENT IS ALIVE AND WELL IN MASSACHUSETTS

Q11. People can be involved in culture, creativity and community in many different ways. Have you done any of the following types of participatory activities in the past few years (before or during the pandemic)? Please select ALL that apply.

[^] indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

When looking deeper into types of participatory activities, protest activity varied widely by race and ethnicity with higher participation among Hispanic/Latinx Bostonians compared to other groups.

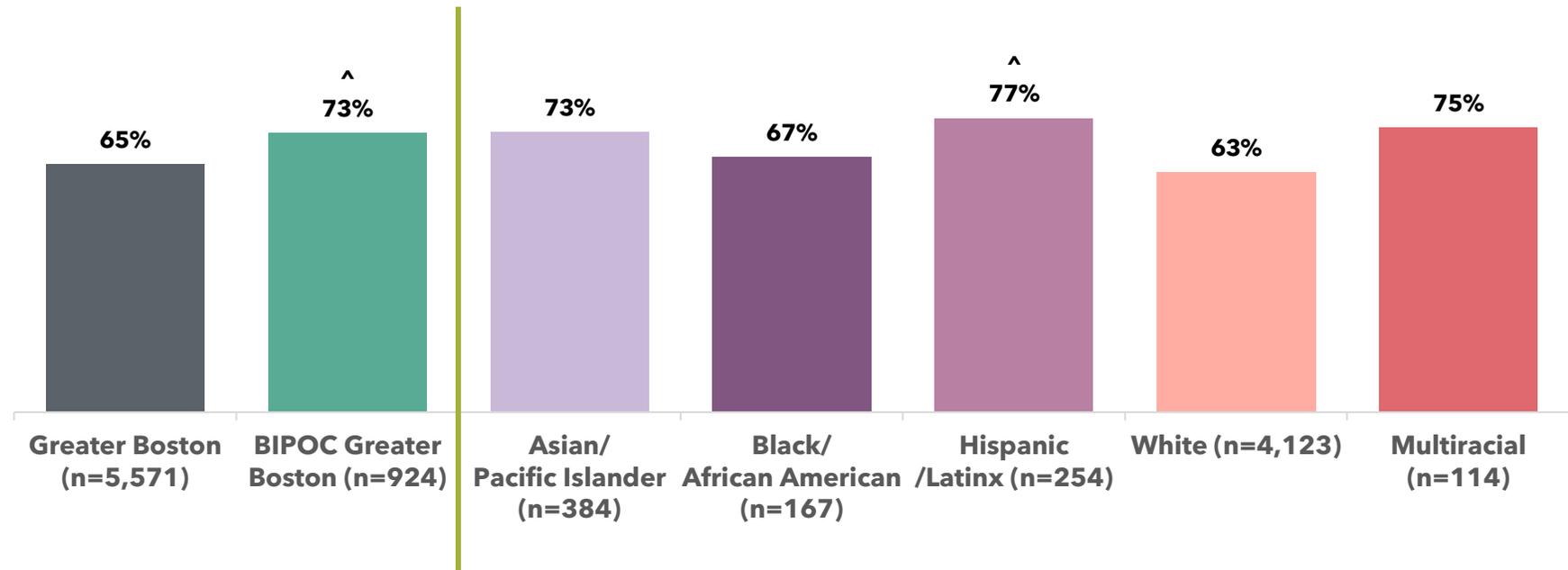


ARTS ENGAGEMENT IS ALIVE AND WELL IN MASSACHUSETTS

Q11. People can be involved in culture, creativity and community in many different ways. Have you done any of the following types of participatory activities in the past few years (before or during the pandemic)? Please select ALL that apply.

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Arts and culture organizations are quite important to the majority of Greater Boston BIPOC residents—especially among Hispanic/Latinx Bostonians.



IMPORTANCE OF ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS

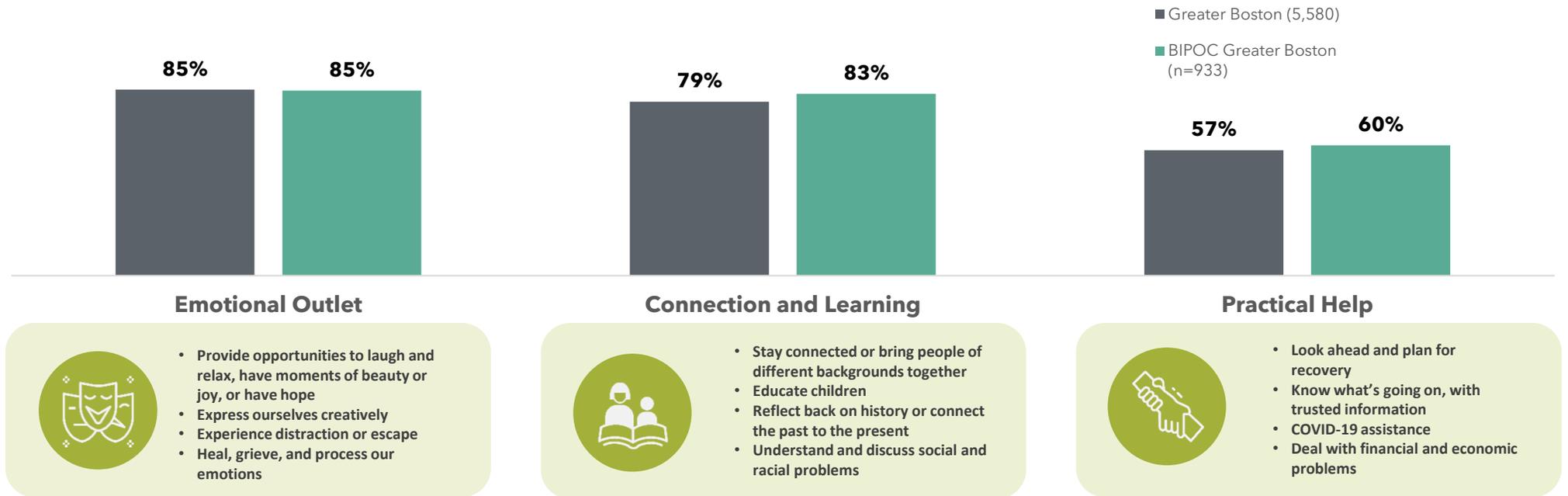
Q23. In general, how unimportant or important are arts or culture organizations to you, personally. (Top 2 Box: Those that selected "Strongly agree")

[^] indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

DETAILED FINDINGS

A CASE FOR CHANGE

Across all racial and ethnic groups, Bostonians want to see arts organizations helping their communities—with most looking to the arts as a place for emotional outlet and connection.

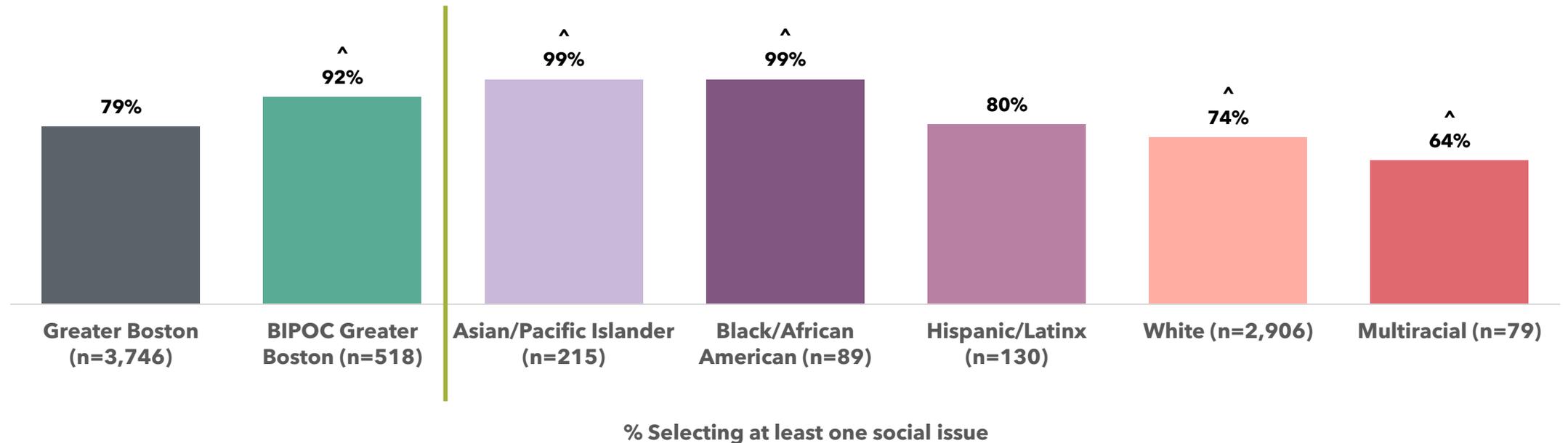


THREE WAYS ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS CAN HELP THEIR COMMUNITIES

Q21. How would you want arts or culture organizations to help your community during times like these? Please check ALL that apply. Help my community...

For more information about each dimension within these factors, see detailed data tables.

The majority of Greater Boston residents want to see arts & culture organizations address social issues—and among Asian/Pacific Islanders and Black/African Americans in the region, this desire was nearly universal (99%).

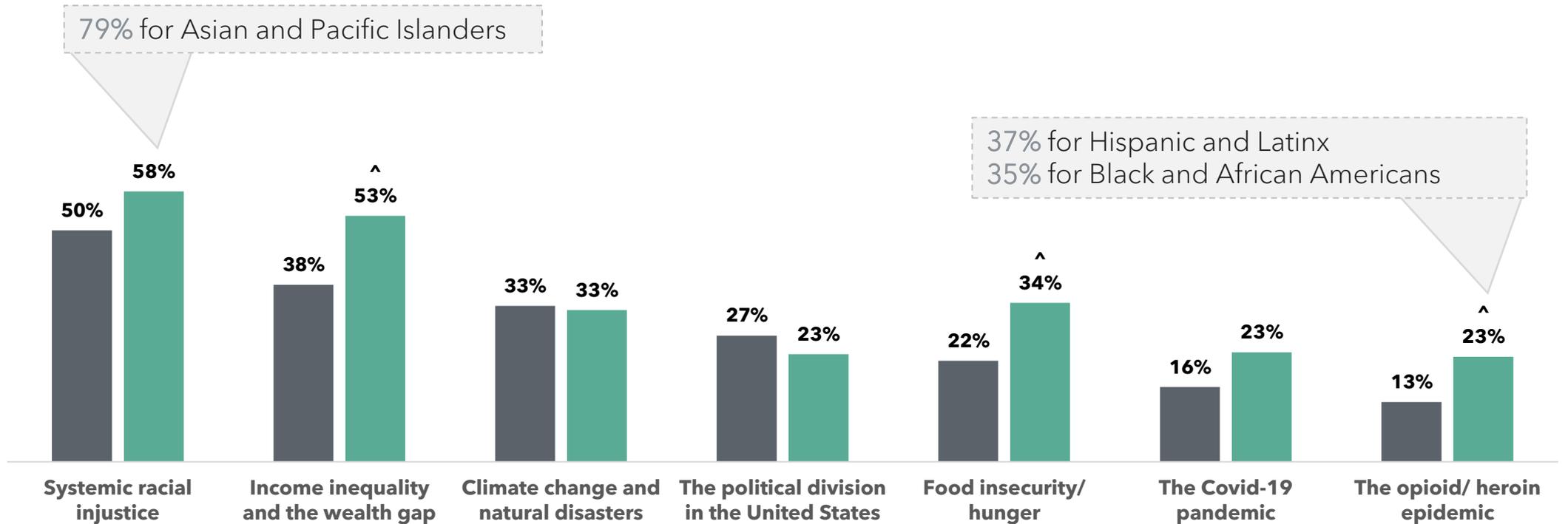


ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS SHOULD ADDRESS SOCIAL ISSUES

Q48. Which of the following social issues (if any) do you think arts or culture organizations should address? Please select up to THREE or tell us in your own words.

[^] indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

While systemic racial injustice was the top issue that all residents wanted to see arts and culture organizations tackle, BIPOC Bostonians were more likely to want to see income inequality and food insecurity addressed.



ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS SHOULD ADDRESS SOCIAL ISSUES

Q48. Which of the following social issues (if any) do you think arts or culture organizations should address? Please select up to THREE or tell us in your own words.

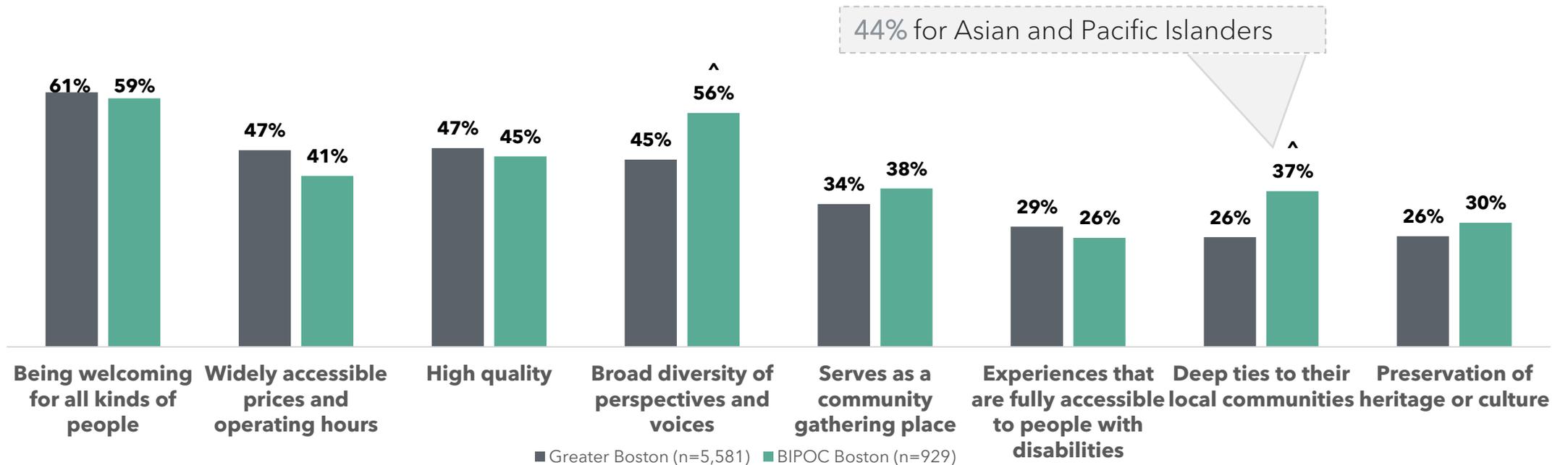
[^] indicates significant difference from one group at 95% level

■ Greater Boston (n=3,746) ■ BIPOC Greater Boston (n=518)

All call out boxes represent statistically significant differences.

Most Greater Boston area residents value arts and culture organizations that are welcoming, and among BIPOC residents, broad diversity is almost equally as important.

- More traditionally-valued qualities of price point and excellence were not as highly valued among BIPOC Bostonians.



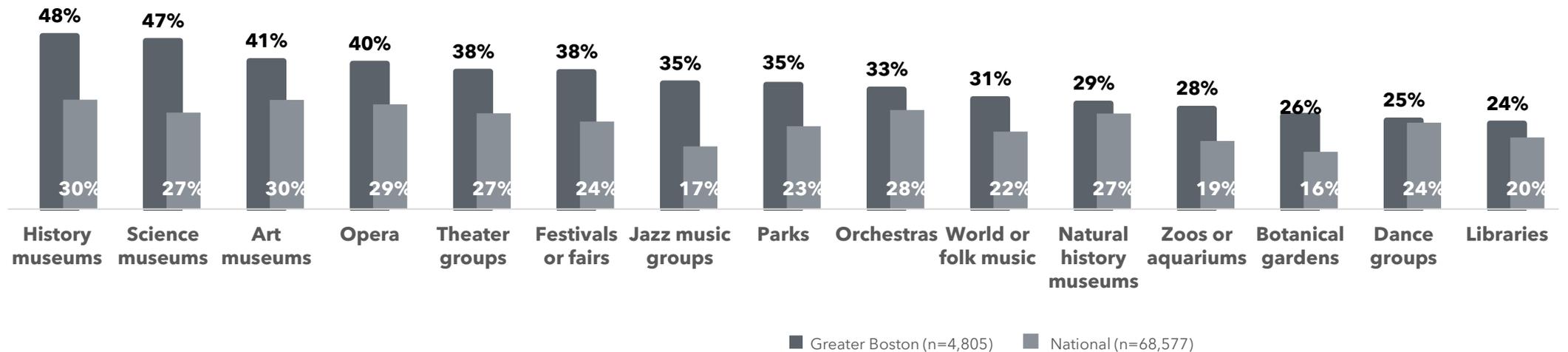
MOST IMPORTANT QUALITIES OF ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS

Q22. What qualities or values are most important to you in an arts or culture organization? Please select up to FIVE.

All call out boxes represent statistically significant differences.

[^] indicates significant difference from one group at 95% level

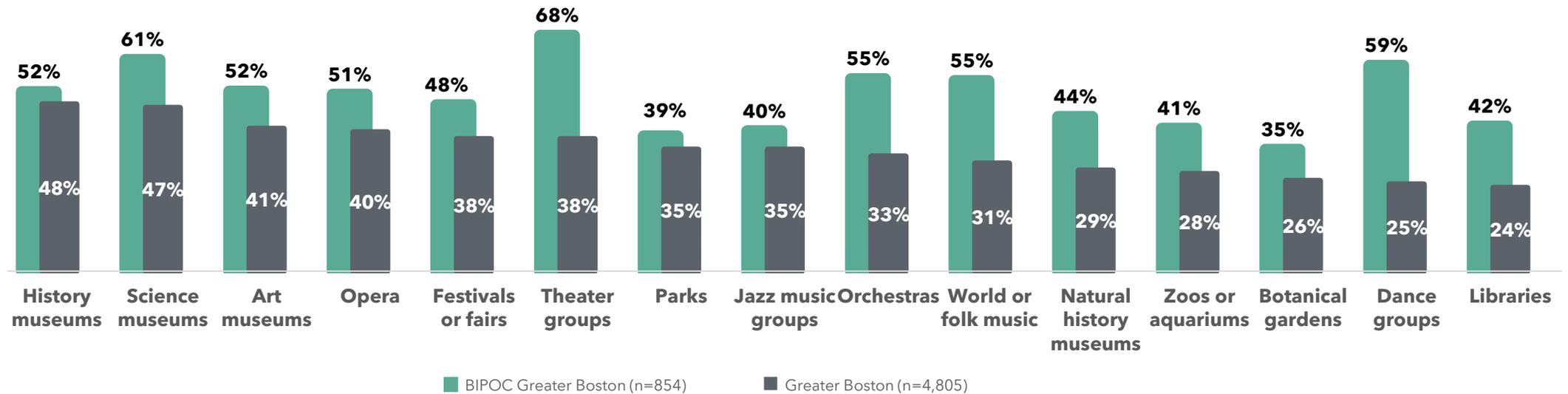
Greater Boston residents are more likely than Americans overall to believe that systemic racism is present in every genre of arts and culture organizations.



PERCEPTIONS OF SYSTEMIC RACISM IN ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS

Q26. Based on what you've seen or heard, do you think systemic racism is present in each of the types of organizations below (Top 2 Box: Those that selected "Strongly agree")

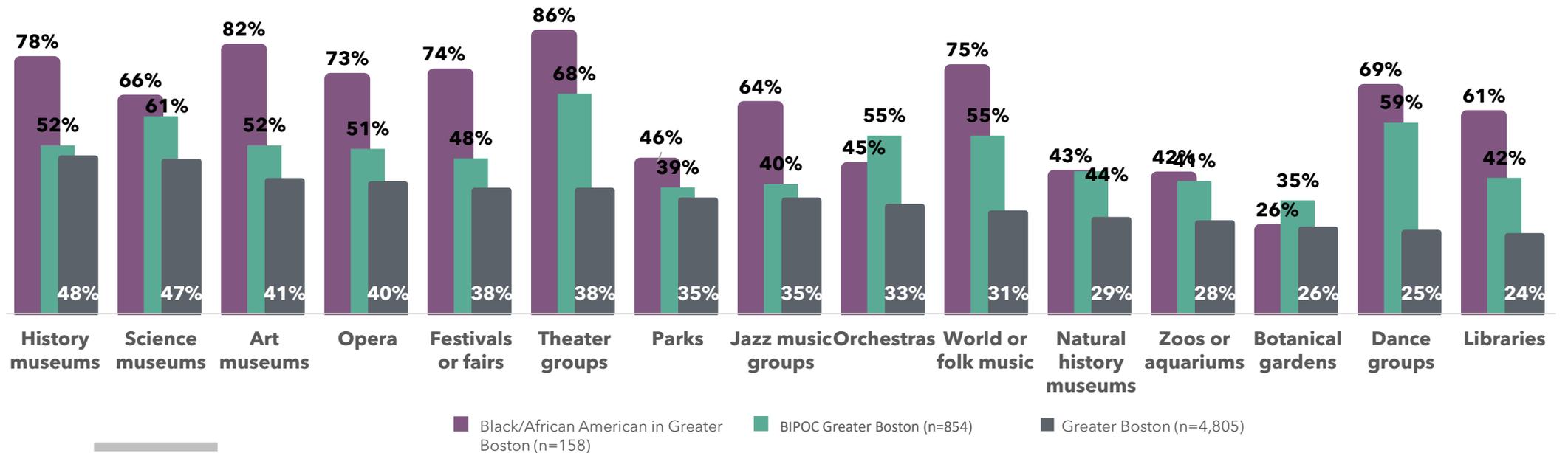
And BIPOC Greater Boston residents are more likely to believe systemic racism is present in arts or culture organizations than Bostonians overall across all genres - with particularly high ratings for theater, science museums, and dance groups.



PERCEPTIONS OF SYSTEMIC RACISM IN ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS

Q26. Based on what you've seen or heard, do you think systemic racism is present in each of the types of organizations below (Top 2 Box: Those that selected "Strongly agree")

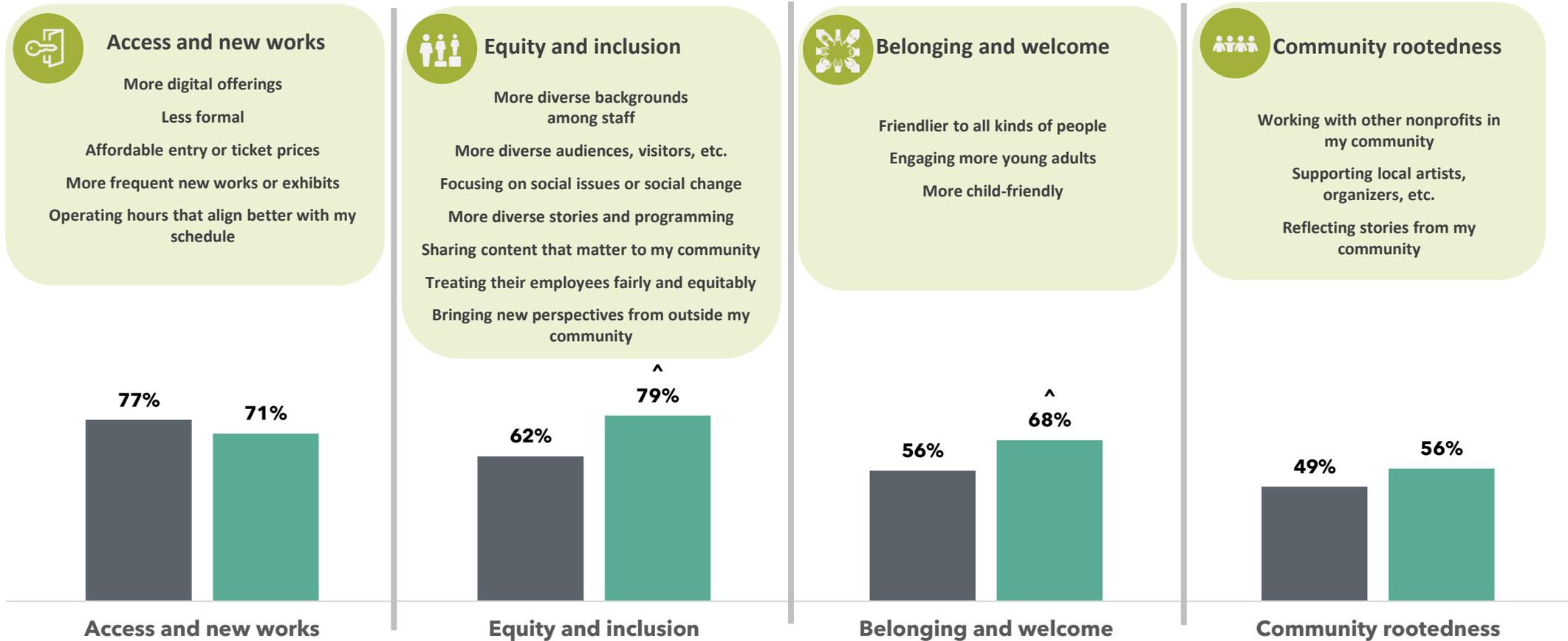
Finally, Black and African Americans in the Greater Boston area are significantly more likely than BIPOC Bostonians as a whole to believe that systemic racism is present in most genres of arts or culture, particularly in theaters, art museums, and history museums.



PERCEPTIONS OF SYSTEMIC RACISM IN ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS

Q26. Based on what you've seen or heard, do you think systemic racism is present in each of the types of organizations below (Top 2 Box: Those that selected "Strongly agree")

Nearly all BIPOC Greater Boston residents (97%) want to see changes in arts or culture organizations. Four main types of change are desired:



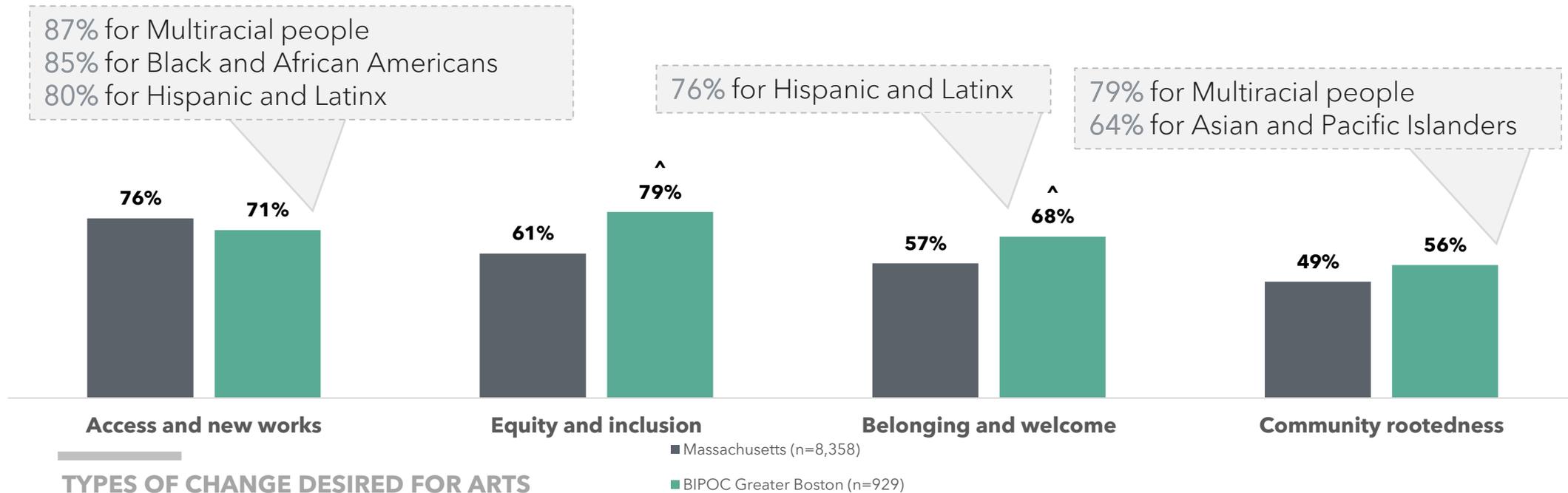
TYPES OF CHANGE DESIRED FOR ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS

Q25. In general, would any of these types of changes make arts or culture organizations better for you in the future? Please select ALL that apply.

[^] indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

For more information about each dimension within these factors, see detailed data tables.

The types of change BIPOC Bostonians most want to see in arts or culture organizations to make them better in the future are equity & inclusion, access & new works, belonging & welcome, and community rootedness.



TYPES OF CHANGE DESIRED FOR ARTS & CULTURE ORGANIZATIONS

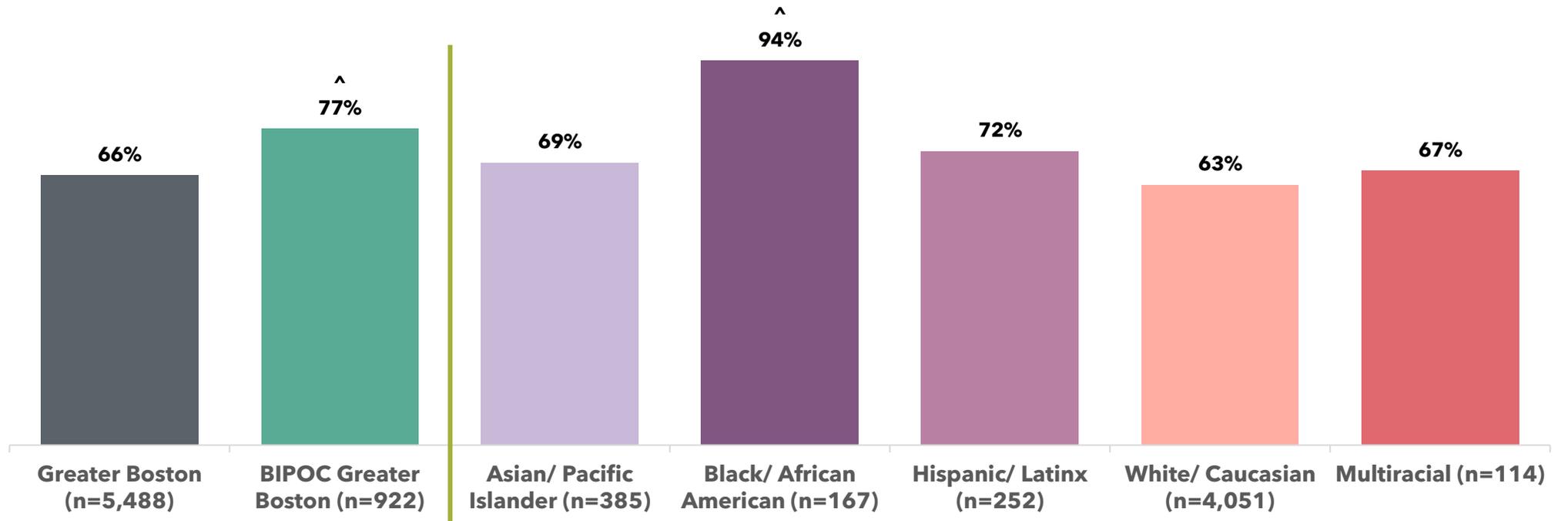
Q25. In general, would any of these types of changes make arts or culture organizations better for you in the future? Please select ALL that apply.

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For more information about each dimension within these factors, see detailed data tables.

All call out boxes represent statistically significant differences.

BIPOC Bostonians are particularly likely to want to see arts and culture organizations collaborating with communities—a desire that’s almost universal among Black/African Americans.

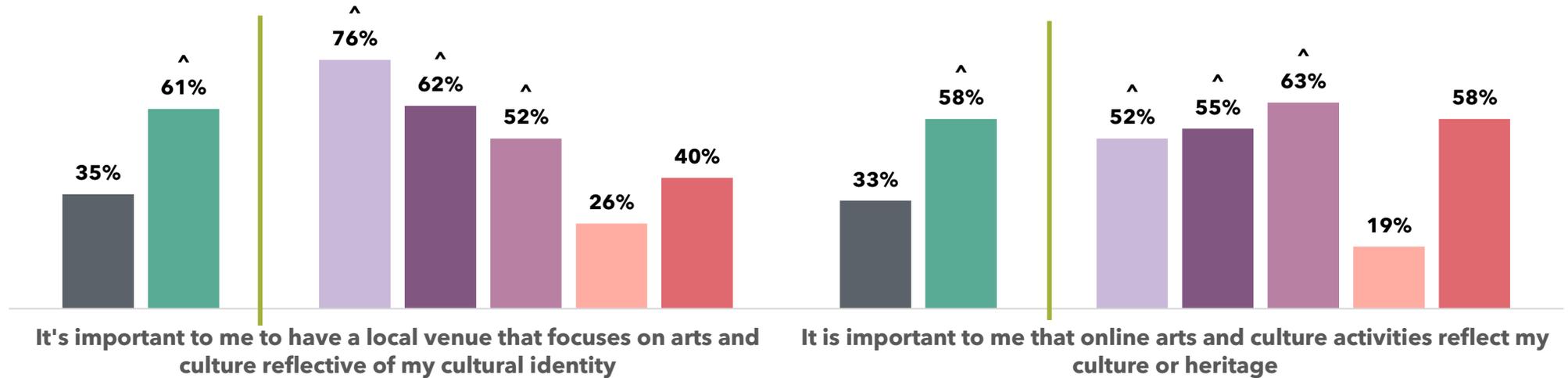


IMPORTANCE OF CO-CREATION AND COLLABORATION

Q24. Arts or culture organizations should involve their communities and collaborate with them to create programs. - How much do you personally agree or disagree with the following statements? (Top 2 Box: Those who selected "Strongly agree")

[^] indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

The majority of BIPOC Greater Boston residents want local venues and online activities to focus on arts and culture reflective of their culture or heritage—the local venue is particularly important to Asian or Pacific Islanders.



■ Greater Boston (n=5,039-5,491) ■ BIPOC Greater Boston (n=810-933) ■ Asian/ Pacific Islander (n=324-382) ■ Black/ African American (n=152-166)
 ■ Hispanic/ Latinx (n=224-252) ■ White/ Caucasian (n=3,761-4,062) ■ Multiracial (n=106-111)

IMPORTANCE OF LOCAL AND ONLINE ARTS AND CULTURE TO REFLECT AUDIENCE'S CULTURE OR HERITAGE

Q24. How much do you personally agree or disagree with the following statements? (Top 2 Box: Those who selected "Strongly agree")

Q9. Thinking about the kinds of online arts or culture activities that you've done, how important are the following qualities?

(Top 2 box: those that selected "Very important")

[^] indicates significant difference from the overall Greater Boston group at 95% level

DETAILED FINDINGS

**THE POWER OF ONLINE
ENGAGEMENT**

During the Pandemic, BIPOC Greater Boston residents participated in arts & culture online at a higher rate than in the region overall despite having slightly lower awareness of online activities.

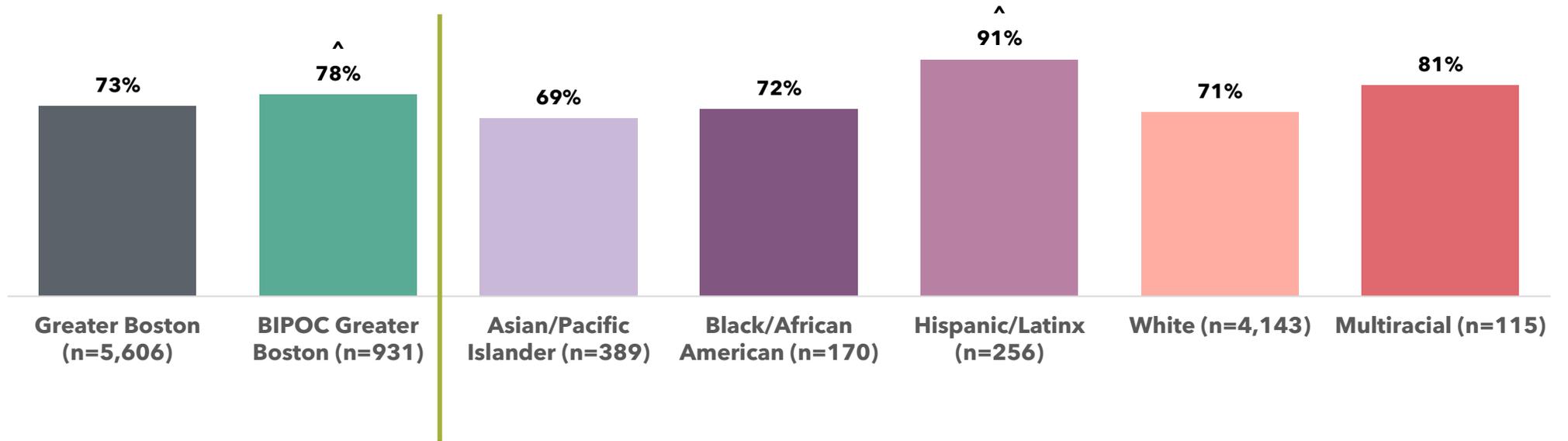


ENGAGEMENT WITH ONLINE ARTS & CULTURE DURING THE PANDEMIC

Q5. Have you done any online arts or culture activities or events over the past year? This might have been via your computer, a streaming service, mobile phone or tablet. Please select ALL that apply.

Q10. Over the past year, have you paid for any online arts or culture activities? Please select ONE.

Hispanic/Latinx and Multiracial Bostonians in particular had high rates of participation in online arts and culture during the pandemic.

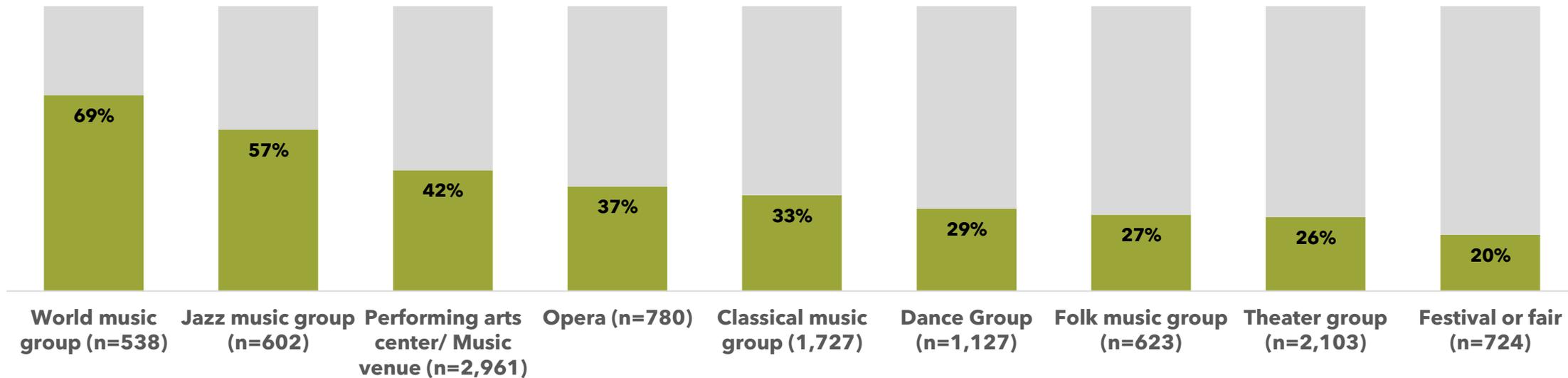


ARTS ENGAGEMENT IS ALIVE AND WELL IN MASSACHUSETTS

Q5. Have you done any online arts or culture activities or events over the past year? This might have been via your computer, a streaming service, mobile phone or tablet. Please select ALL that apply. ^ indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

Online offerings engaged many Greater Boston residents who had not attended similar programs from performing arts organizations in person in the past several years.

% Online attendees who **HAVE NOT BEEN IN RECENT YEARS (DIGITAL ONLY)**



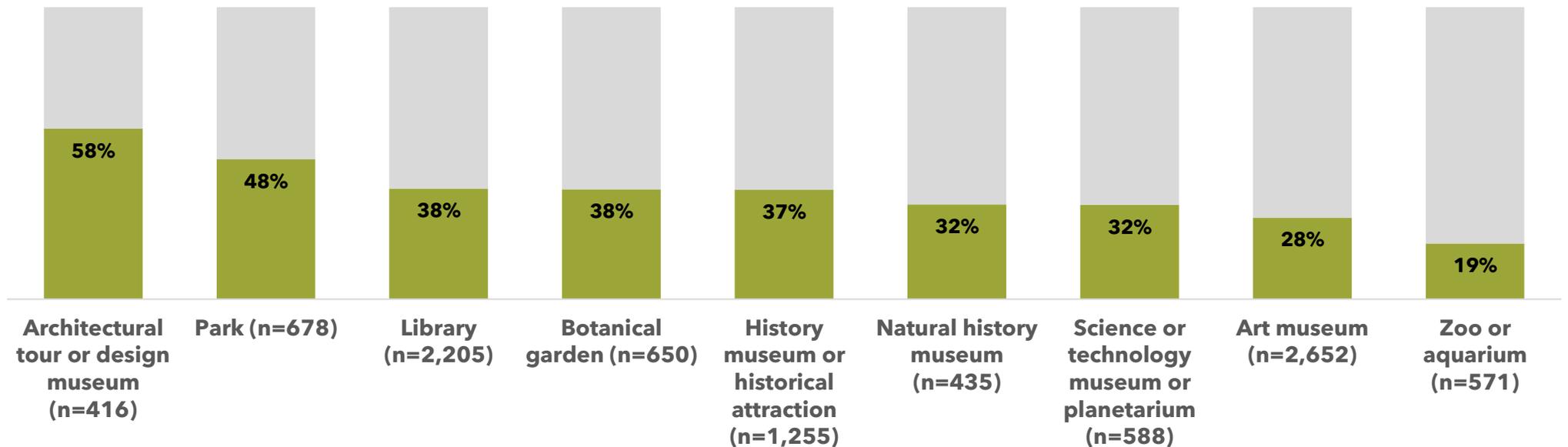
MAKEUP OF DIGITAL ARTS & CULTURE AUDIENCES

Q7. Who provided the online arts or culture activities that you did? Please select ALL that apply.

Q8. You shared that you participated in an online activity offered by a museum over the past year. Which kind(s) of museum were those? Please select ALL that apply

Online offerings engaged many Greater Boston residents who had not attended similar programs from museums and other cultural organizations in person in the past several years.

% Online attendees who **HAVE NOT BEEN IN RECENT YEARS (DIGITAL ONLY)**

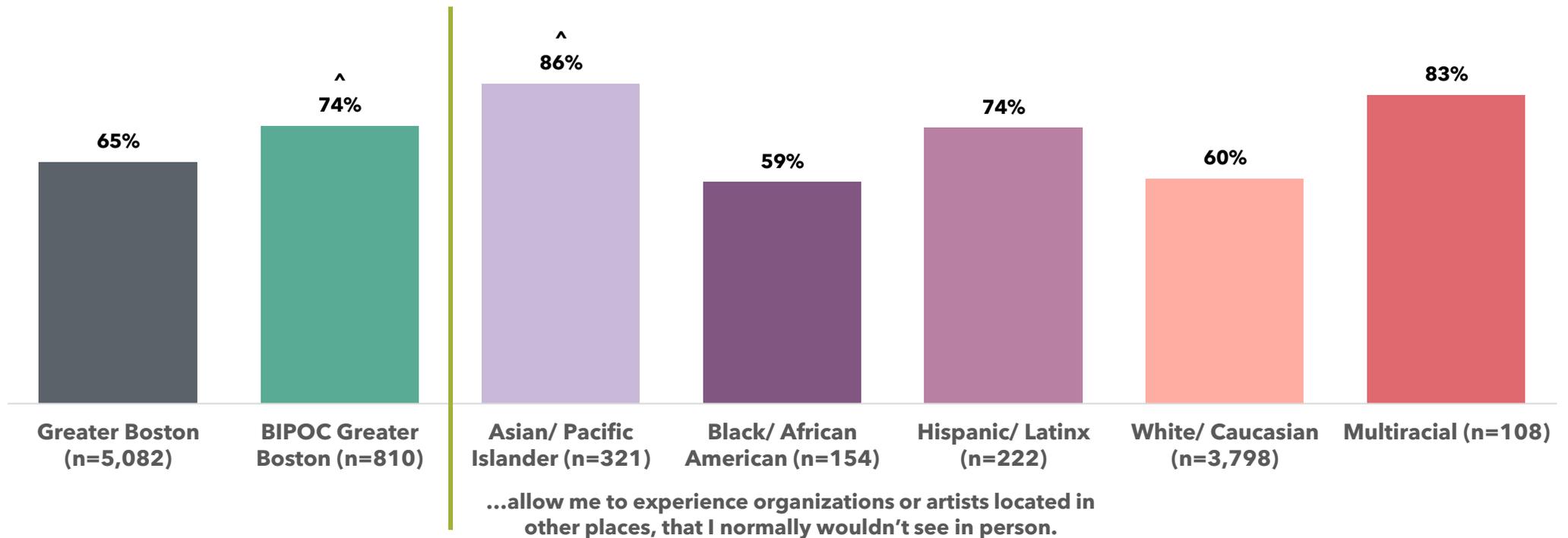


MAKEUP OF DIGITAL ARTS & CULTURE AUDIENCES

Q7. Who provided the online arts or culture activities that you did? Please select ALL that apply.

Q8. You shared that you participated in an online activity offered by a museum over the past year. Which kind(s) of museum were those? Please select ALL that apply

Most BIPOC Greater Boston residents valued that online arts & culture activities let them experience organizations and artists from other locations that they normally wouldn't see in person.

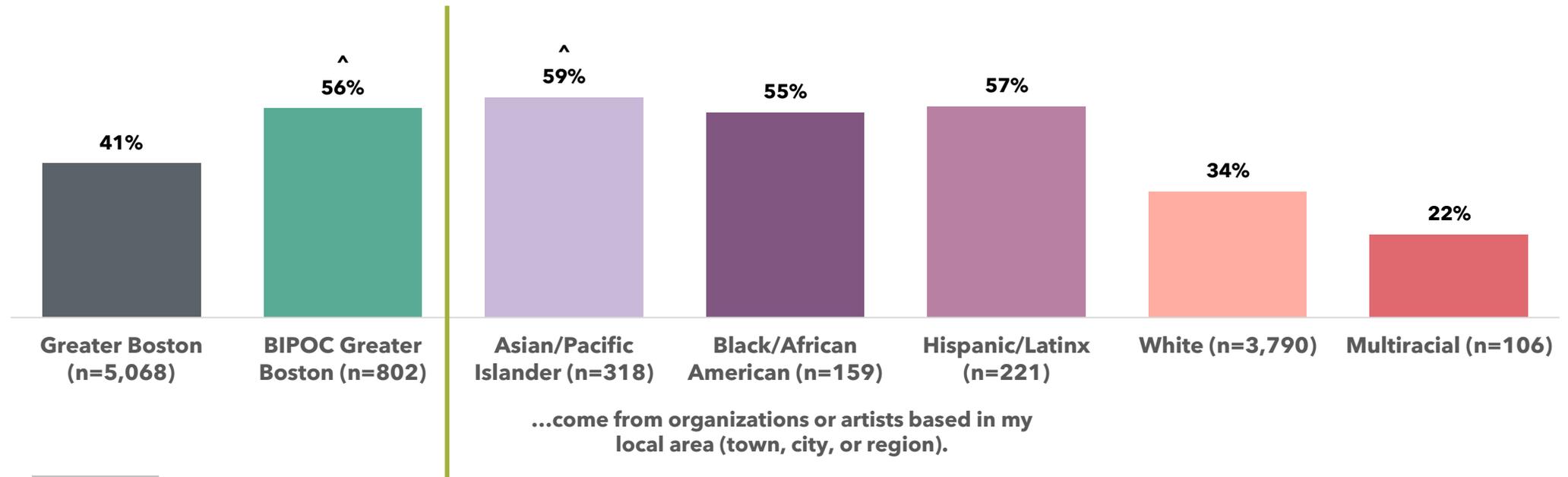


IMPORTANCE ACCESSING NON-LOCAL ARTS & CULTURE ONLINE

Q9_2. ...allow me to experience organizations or artists located in other places, that I normally wouldn't see in person. - Thinking about the kinds of online arts or culture activities that you've done, how important are the following qualities... (Top 2 Box: Those who selected "Strongly agree")

^ indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

And over half of BIPOC Greater Boston residents value the opportunity to connect online with arts and culture content from local organizations—also at higher rates than the region overall.

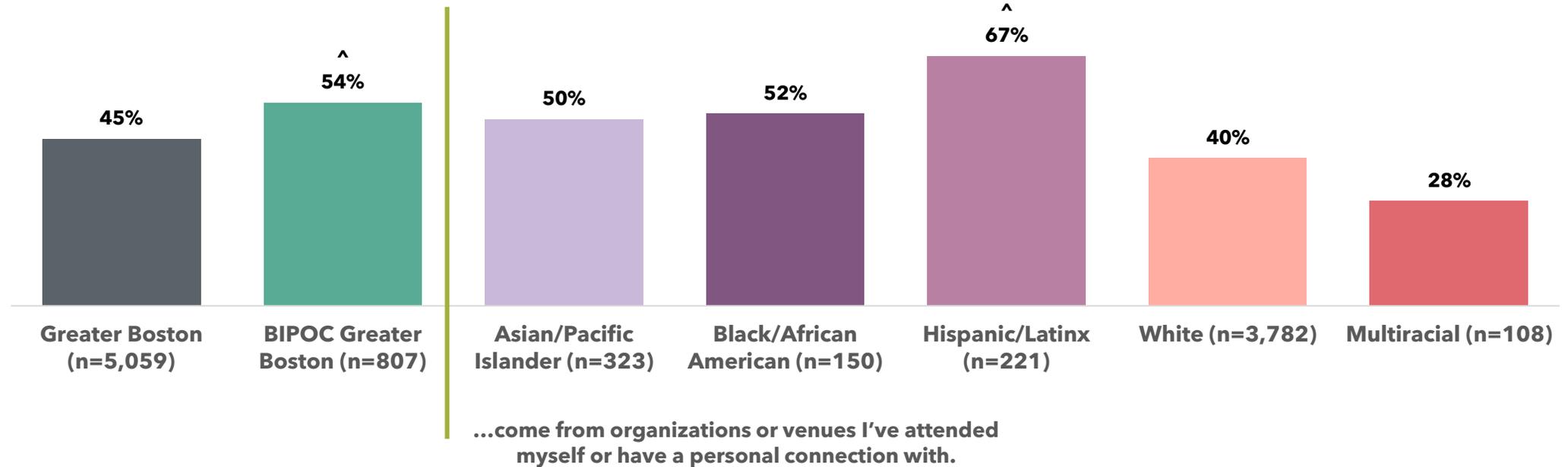


IMPORTANCE OF LOCAL AND PERSONAL CONNECTION WITH ONLINE ARTS AND CULTURE

Q9. ...come from organizations or artists based in my local area (town, city, or region). - Thinking about the kinds of online arts or culture activities that you've done, how important are the following qualities? It is important to me that online arts and culture activities... (Top 2 Box: Those selecting 'Very Important')

[^] indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

Similarly, the majority of BIPOC Bostonians value the opportunity to connect online with arts and culture content from organizations they've attended previously.

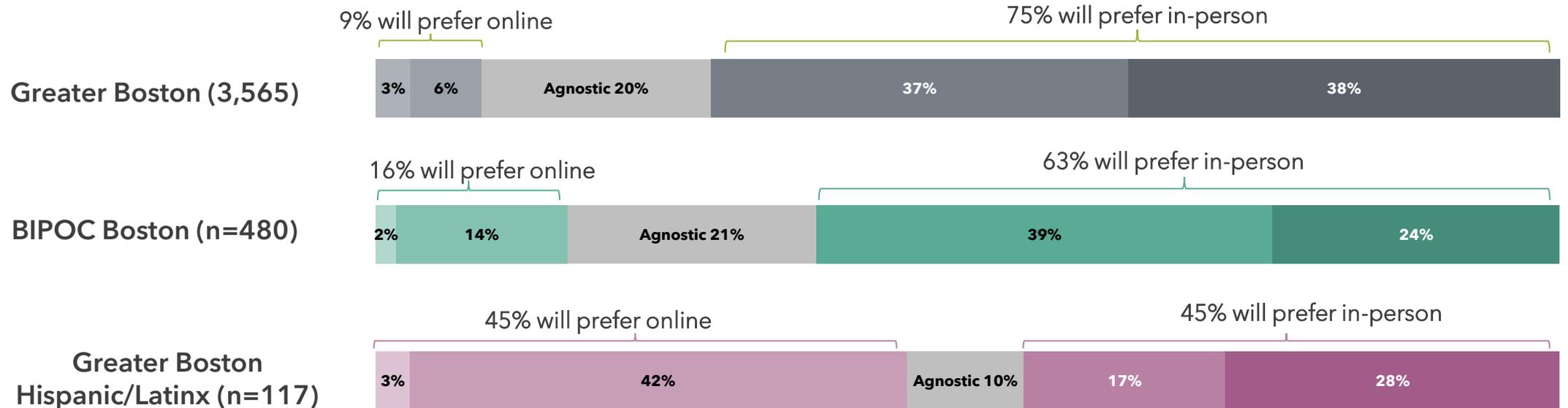


IMPORTANCE OF LOCAL AND PERSONAL CONNECTION WITH ONLINE ARTS AND CULTURE

Q9. ...come from organizations or venues I've attended myself or have a personal connection with. - Thinking about the kinds of online arts or culture activities that you've done, how important are the following qualities? It is important to me that online arts and culture activities... (Top 2 Box: Those selecting 'Very Important')

^ indicates significant difference from all Greater Boston respondents at 95% level

Although most BIPOC Bostonians expect to prefer in person over online engagement with arts and culture in the future, Hispanic/Latinx residents are evenly split in their preferences.



THE FUTURE OF DIGITAL VS IN-PERSON PREFERENCES

Q44. When you are able to engage in (or engage in more) in-person arts or culture activities, how do you expect you'll split your time between online and in-person experiences? Please select ONE option.

"Agnostic" refers to those selecting either "I'll prefer online and in-person activities equally" or "I'll make my decisions solely on the basis of the content"

ACTIONABLE OPPORTUNITY AREAS

We've included a set of reflection questions as a tool to start discussions around these activation areas in your organization.

We've assembled a broad set of action areas informed by community voices for your consideration on the following pages.

However, we believe that the “what and how” of putting these ideas into practice will necessarily be unique to each organization because all are at different points of practice for these principles, hold their own histories and missions, and are situated within distinct communities.

We hope that this gives some readers a more rigorous empirical foundation for their work or a stronger case for support, and *all* readers inspiration and evidence to explore new possibilities for service, equity, and sustainability.

1. Making arts and culture experiences more welcoming

1. How welcome or unwelcome do your audiences feel across your organization's full range of experiences?
 2. How do you support and encourage welcome in your space, experiences, and communications? Are the attributes of welcome infused throughout the experiences you offer, or present only at the point of entry?
 3. How recently have you talked to your participants, attenders, visitors, etc. about how it feels to enter and move through your space? What about non-attenders and not-yet-users? What did they have to say about feelings of welcome...or its opposite?
1. Do you have clear and easy mechanisms for people to share feedback about their experiences? Is that feedback taken seriously and acted on empathetically and creatively?
 1. Who in your organization is charged with responding to and acting on this feedback (which departments, divisions, people)?

2. Addressing social issues

1. What issues or challenges matter most to your community—or rather, to specific communities in your area? Do any of these issues align with your own mission, focus, or values?
1. What connections do (or could) exist between your art-form or cultural category and those kinds of social issues? Who are the artists or content-experts that are actively exploring those connections?
1. What kinds of dialogue are already taking place about those issues, and what organizations are already working on them locally, nationally, or globally?
1. Are there concerns within your organization about the idea of addressing social issues or contributing to community change? What kinds of dialogue would be necessary, and which stakeholders need to be at the table?
1. How could your organization address a priority social issue at different levels: internally through staff/board/process, through programming and content, through partnerships?

3. Dismantling systemic racism

1. What do you hope will result from the work of dismantling systemic racism: addressing injustices, furthering your mission, serving new audiences, something else?
2. Have people (visitors, audiences, staff, community members, etc.) experienced racism in your organization? Do you have processes in place to fully investigate and address any experiences of racism that may occur among staff, audiences, visitors, or community members?
3. How has your organization benefited from systemic racism? How have you and your colleagues acknowledged the history and practices of systemic racism in your organization in the past?
4. How does anti-racism influence your hiring practices and board recruitment? Your content and curation? Your marketing strategies? Your community or national partnerships?

4. Fostering community collaborations

1. Does your organization have a clear definition of its community? Do you have a clear framework for what counts as collaboration? Are there different levels or scales that are well defined?
2. What does collaboration look like, who are the key stakeholders, whose voices are most important, and what channels can your organization use to hear those voices?
3. Does your organization treat collaborating organizations or individuals as equal partners? Are you or your funders compensating those partners for their time and insights—and doing so consistently and equitably? Are these partnerships ongoing or are they one-offs (which can feel extractive)?
4. Are you honoring and reinforcing equity in your collaborations through shared decision-making, respect, and reflection of ground-level community priorities?
5. Where do (or will) the benefits of your partnerships accrue? To your organization? To the partnering organization(s)? To people in the community?

5. Consider the potential benefits and costs of extending digital engagement

1. What aspects of online offerings seem necessary to get through the pandemic and what aspects are considerations in your long-term engagement strategies?
2. To what extent is diversification of audiences a priority for your organization? Do you have evidence that *your organization's* online offerings have reached a more diverse audience than your in-person events?
3. Is digital a revenue stream for your organization? Does your organization have access to grants, donations, or other resources that can help subsidize the provision of digital offerings?
4. Does your organization think of digital as a "pipeline" to in-person attendance? If so, why? Would digital engagement still be valued by your organization if it doesn't lead to any more in person attendance?

We'd like to thank the Barr Foundation for their generous support of this research & our *truly* expert advisory group for their time, insights, and wisdom.

The Barr Foundation Arts Program Team

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pronouns: he/his

An experienced research manager and methodologist, Matthew has played key roles in the pandemic-era national research and strategy collaboration, Culture + Community in a Time of Transformation, focusing especially on analysis of digital engagement during the pandemic. He has recently worked with orchestral clients exploring what comes next for their online offerings after the pandemic. » [full bio](#)



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Emily's work as a researcher at Slover Linett is shaped by her training in community psychology and animated by her commitment to supporting arts and culture organizations as powerful tools for education, community development, and social change. Emily earned her Ph.D. in community psychology from the University of Illinois at Chicago. » [full bio](#)

About Slover Linett

hello@sloverlinett.com | [@sloverlinett](https://twitter.com/sloverlinett) on Twitter

Founded in Chicago in 1999, Slover Linett is a social research and evaluation practice for the cultural and community sector, broadly defined to include the performing and participatory arts, museums of all types, libraries, parks and public spaces, public media, science engagement, placemaking, and philanthropy. The firm's mission is to help practitioners and policymakers increase equity and access, deepen engagement, and meet human and community needs. For more information, visit sloverlinett.com/CCTT. For questions about this study or the broader Culture + Community research collaboration, please email CCTT@sloverlinett.com.

APPENDIX

Survey Methodology for National Comparisons

Panel Survey

- We also partnered with NORC's AmeriSpeak Panel to collect responses from a sample representative of all U.S. residents.
- We collected 3,617 responses with an oversample of 750 people including Black or African Americans, people of Hispanic or Latinx origin, and people with low incomes.
- We weighted this data to be representative of the U.S. population.



Organizational List Survey

- 532 participating arts and culture organizations distributed the survey to a portion of their email lists; in total the survey went to 2.1 million people with 74,742 completed responses.
 - Organization focus areas included: Museums (36%), Music (15%), Theater and Comedy (11%), Arts and Culture in Communities (11%), Parks, Zoos, and Botanic gardens (5%), and Libraries (4%)



Combined Sample (Panel + List) Weighted to Represent U.S. Residents Overall

We weighted all responses across the lists and the panel (n=78,359) to be representative of the general U.S. population

THANK YOU!

For more information, please visit
www.sloverlinett.com/cctt